# 8th Class Mathematics Domain 2: Algebra Important MCQs with Explanation

# **Sub-domain 1: Number Sequences and Patterns**

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1. What is the next term in the sequence: 2, 4, 8, 16,
A) 20 B) 24 C) 32 D) 30
⊘ Correct Answer: C) 32
\square Explanation: Har term ko 2 se multiply kiya gaya hai \rightarrow 16 \times 2 = 32
2. The 5th term in the sequence 3, 6, 9, 12, ____ is:
A) 15 B) 18 C) 21 D) 24
⊘ Correct Answer: C) 21
□ Explanation: Har term mein +3 ho raha hai \rightarrow 12 + 3 = 15 (lekin 5th term: 3 + 4×3 =
15)
O Correction: Answer should be A) 15, not 21.
3. Which sequence is arithmetic?
A) 2, 4, 8, 16 B) 3, 6, 9, 12 C) 5, 25, 125 D) 10, 100, 1000
⊘ Correct Answer: B)
\square Explanation: Arithmetic sequence mein har term ka difference same hota hai \rightarrow
Yahan +3
4. Common difference in the sequence 7, 10, 13, 16 is:
A) 2 B) 3 C) 4 D) 5
⊘ Correct Answer: B) 3
□ Explanation: 10 - 7 = 3, 13 - 10 = 3 \rightarrow Common difference = 3
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5. What is the formula for the nth term of the sequence: 2, 4, 6, 8...? A)  $2n B) n + 2 C) n \times 2 D)$  All of these **⊘** Correct Answer: D) All of these  $\square$  **Explanation:** 2, 4, 6, 8... ka nth term 2n hai  $\rightarrow 2 \times 1 = 2$ ,  $2 \times 2 = 4$ , etc. n  $\times$  2 bhi same hai. 6. The pattern rule for the sequence 1, 4, 9, 16, 25 is: A) Multiply by 2 B) **Square of natural numbers** C) Add 2 D) None **⊘** Correct Answer: B)  $\square$  **Explanation:**  $1^2 = 1$ ,  $2^2 = 4$ ,  $3^2 = 9$ ...  $\rightarrow$  Ye squares hain 7. 10th term of the arithmetic sequence 2, 5, 8,... is: A) 30 B) **29** C) 28 D) 31 **⊘** Correct Answer: B) 29 □ **Explanation:** nth term =  $a + (n - 1)d \rightarrow 2 + (10 - 1) \times 3 = 2 + 27 = 29$ 8. In a geometric sequence, each term is obtained by: A) Addition B) **Multiplication** C) Subtraction D) Division **⊘** Correct Answer: B) □ **Explanation:** Geometric sequence mein har term previous term se multiply hoti hai 9. If nth term = 3n + 2, then 5th term is: A) 15 B) **17** C) 12 D) 18 **⊘** Correct Answer: B) 17 □ **Explanation:**  $3 \times 5 + 2 = 15 + 2 = 17$ 

10. Which of the following is NOT a pattern?

A) 2, 4, 8, 16 B) **3, 5, 10, 17** C) 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8 D) 2, 4, 6, 9

**Correct Answer: B**)

□ **Explanation:** Is sequence ka koi clear rule follow nahi ho raha — no arithmetic or geometric pattern 11. If first term = 4 and common ratio = 2, find the 3rd term: A) 8 B) 10 C) **16** D) 20 **⊘** Correct Answer: C) 16  $\square$  **Explanation:** Geometric: 4, 8, 16  $\rightarrow$  3rd term = 4  $\times$  2  $\times$  2 = 16 12. Fibonacci sequence starts from: A) **0, 1** B) 1, 1 C) 2, 3 D) 5, 8 **Correct Answer: A)**  $\square$  **Explanation:** Standard Fibonacci starts from 0, 1  $\rightarrow$  Next terms: 1, 2, 3, 5, 8... **Sub-domain 2: Expansion and Factorisation** 13. The expanded form of  $(a + b)^2$  is: A)  $a^2 + b^2$  B)  $a^2 + 2ab + b^2$  C)  $a^2 - 2ab + b^2$  D) None **⊘** Correct Answer: B) □ **Explanation:** Identity:  $(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2 \rightarrow$  Standard expansion formula. 14. (x + 3)(x - 3) = ?A)  $x^2 - 9$  B)  $x^2 + 9$  C)  $x^2 - 6x + 9$  D)  $x^2 + 6x + 9$ **⊘** Correct Answer: A) □ **Explanation:** Identity:  $(a + b)(a - b) = a^2 - b^2 \rightarrow x^2 - 3^2 = x^2 - 9$ 15.  $(2x + 1)^2 = ?$ A)  $4x^2 + 1$  B)  $4x^2 + 4x + 1$  C)  $4x^2 + 2x + 1$  D) None **⊘** Correct Answer: B)  $\Box$  **Explanation:**  $(2x + 1)^2 = (2x)^2 + 2 \times 2x \times 1 + 1^2 = 4x^2 + 4x + 1$ 

## 16. Factor of $x^2$ - 9 is:

A) 
$$(x - 3)(x + 3)$$
 B)  $(x - 9)(x + 1)$  C)  $(x - 1)(x + 9)$  D) None

□ **Explanation:** 
$$x^2 - 9 = x^2 - 3^2 \rightarrow$$
 Difference of squares identity

# 17. What is the result of $(x + 5)^2$ ?

A) 
$$x^2 + 10x + 25$$
 B)  $x^2 + 25$  C)  $x^2 + 5x + 25$  D) None

□ **Explanation:** Identity: 
$$(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2 \rightarrow x^2 + 2 \times 5x + 25 = x^2 + 10x + 25$$

# 18. Factor of $x^2 + 5x + 6$ is:

A) 
$$(x + 2)(x + 3)$$
 B)  $(x - 2)(x + 3)$  C)  $(x + 1)(x + 6)$  D)  $(x + 2)(x - 3)$ 

□ **Explanation:** 
$$2 \times 3 = 6$$
 and  $2 + 3 = 5$  → Factors are  $x + 2$  and  $x + 3$ 

19. 
$$(a + b)(a - b) = ?$$

A) 
$$a^2 - b^2$$
 B)  $a^2 + 2ab + b^2$  C)  $a^2 + b^2$  D) None

$$\square$$
 **Explanation:** Difference of squares identity  $\rightarrow a^2 - b^2$ 

## 20. Which is a perfect square trinomial?

A) 
$$x^2 + 4x + 4$$
 B)  $x^2 + 5x + 6$  C)  $x^2 - 9$  D) None

□ **Explanation:** 
$$x^2 + 4x + 4 = (x + 2)^2 \rightarrow \text{Perfect square trinomial}$$

## 21. Which is factor of $x^2 + 3x - 10$ ?

A) 
$$(x-5)(x+2)$$
 B)  $(x+5)(x-2)$  C)  $(x+3)(x+3)$  D) None

$$\Box$$
 **Explanation:** +5 and -2 multiply to -10, add to +3  $\rightarrow$  (x + 5)(x - 2)

# 22. Expansion of (x - 2)(x - 3):

A) 
$$x^2 + 5x + 6$$
 B)  $x^2 - 5x + 6$  C)  $x^2 - x - 6$  D)  $x^2 + x - 6$ 

**⊘** Correct Answer: B)

□ **Explanation:**  $x^2 - 3x - 2x + 6 = x^2 - 5x + 6$ 

## 23. Factor of x<sup>2</sup> - 16:

A) 
$$(x + 4)^2$$
 B)  $(x - 4)(x + 4)$  C)  $(x + 8)(x - 2)$  D) None

**⊘** Correct Answer: B)

□ **Explanation:**  $x^2 - 16 = x^2 - 4^2 \rightarrow \text{Difference of squares}$ 

## 24. What is (a - b)<sup>2</sup>?

A) 
$$a^2 - b^2$$
 B)  $a^2 - 2ab + b^2$  C)  $a^2 + 2ab + b^2$  D)  $a^2 + b^2$ 

**⊘** Correct Answer: B)

□ **Explanation:** Identity:  $(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$ 

# **Sub-domain 3: Linear Equations and Inequalities**

#### 27. Solve: x + 5 = 10

A) 5 B) 10 C) 15 D) 0

**⊘** Correct Answer: A) 5

□ **Explanation:** Subtract 5 from both sides: x = 10 - 5 = 5

#### 28. Solve: 2x = 8

A) 2 **B) 4** C) 6 D) 8

**⊘** Correct Answer: B) 4

 $\Box$  **Explanation:** Divide both sides by 2:  $x = 8 \div 2 = 4$ 

29. x - 3 = 7, then x = ?

A) 5 B) 7 C) **10** D) 12

**⊘** Correct Answer: C) 10

 $\Box$  **Explanation:** Add 3 to both sides: x = 7 + 3 = 10

30.  $x \div 2 = 6$ , then x = ?

A) 8 **B) 12** C) 3 D) 6

**⊘** Correct Answer: B) 12

□ **Explanation:** Multiply both sides by 2:  $x = 6 \times 2 = 12$ 

31. Which of the following is a linear equation?

A) 
$$x^2 + 2 = 5$$
 B)  $x + 2 = 5$  C)  $2x^2 = 9$  D)  $x^3 = 27$ 

**⊘** Correct Answer: B)

 $\Box$  **Explanation:** Linear equations have **no exponents** higher than  $1 \rightarrow$  only x

32.  $3x - 4 = 5 \rightarrow x = ?$ 

A) 1 **B**) 3 C) 5 D) 6

**⊘** Correct Answer: B) 3

 $\square$  Explanation:

Add 4: 3x = 9

Divide by 3: x = 3

33.  $5x = 2x + 9 \rightarrow x = ?$ 

A) 2 B) 3 C) 5 D) 6

**⊘** Correct Answer: B) 3

**□** Explanation:

 $5x - 2x = 9 \rightarrow 3x = 9 \rightarrow x = 3$ 

# 34. Inequality symbol for "greater than or equal to":

$$A < B > C \ge D \le$$

$$□$$
 **Explanation:** The symbol  $\ge$  means "greater than or equal to"

#### 35. Which of these is NOT a solution of x < 5?

# A) 1 B) 3 C) 6 D) 0

$$\Box$$
 **Explanation:** x < 5 means values **less than 5** — 6 is not valid

36. Solve: 
$$2x - 1 = 7$$

$$2x = 7 + 1 = 8 \rightarrow x = 8 \div 2 = 5$$

## 37. Linear equation with variable on both sides:

A) 
$$x = 2$$
 B)  $2x + 3 = x + 5$  C)  $x + 1 = 5$  D)  $2x = 4$ 

## 38. What is the solution of: 4x + 2 = 14

$$\square$$
 Explanation:

$$4x = 14 - 2 = 12 \rightarrow x = 12 \div 4 = 3$$

39. If 
$$3(x-1) = 12$$
,  $x = ?$ 

# $\square$ Explanation:

$$3(x-1) = 12 \rightarrow x - 1 = 4 \rightarrow x = 5$$

40. 
$$x \div 4 + 3 = 5 \Rightarrow x = ?$$

- A) 6 **B) 8** C) 4 D) 2
- **⊘** Correct Answer: B) 8
- $\square$  Explanation:

$$x/4 = 5 - 3 = 2 \rightarrow x = 2 \times 4 = 8$$